



SAMPLE DESIGN REPORT

Pedestrian Bridge

Compressed chord buckling

2021.01.23

Prepared by:

[Your name here]

[your title here]

.....

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Cross-sections

	Name	Drawing	Process	Shape	h [mm]	b [mm]	t_w [mm]	t_f [mm]	r_1 [mm]	r_2 [mm]	r_3 [mm]
1	O 80x6		Cold f.	Pipe	80,0	80,0	6,3	6,3	0	0	0
2	180X100X10,0		Rolled	Box	180,0	100,0	10,0	10,0	20,0	0	0
3	O 356x12		Cold f.	Pipe	355,6	355,6	12,0	12,0	0	0	0
4	150x100x6		Rolled	Box	150,0	100,0	6,0	6,0	12,0	0	0
5	O 60x5		Cold f.	Pipe	60,0	60,0	5,0	5,0	0	0	0

	Name	A_x [cm ²]	A_y [cm ²]	A_z [cm ²]	I_x [cm ⁴]	I_y [cm ⁴]	I_z [cm ⁴]	I_{yz} [cm ⁴]	I_1 [cm ⁴]	I_2 [cm ⁴]	α [°]
1	O 80x6	14,58	7,38	7,38	199,3	99,7	99,7	0	99,7	99,7	0
2	180X100X10,0	49,42	12,89	31,40	1868,5	1929,5	757,9	0	1929,5	757,9	0
3	O 356x12	129,51	64,88	64,89	38266,6	19131,7	19131,7	0	19131,7	19131,7	0
4	150x100x6	27,63	8,57	15,64	951,4	834,7	444,2	0	834,7	444,2	0
5	O 60x5	8,64	4,38	4,38	65,8	32,9	32,9	0	32,9	32,9	0

	Name	I_ω [cm ⁶]	$W_{1,el,t}$ [cm ³]	$W_{1,el,b}$ [cm ³]	$W_{2,el,t}$ [cm ³]	$W_{2,el,b}$ [cm ³]	$W_{1,pl}$ [cm ³]	$W_{2,pl}$ [cm ³]	i_y [mm]	i_z [mm]	H_y [mm]	H_z [mm]
1	O 80x6	0	24,9	24,9	24,9	24,9	34,3	34,3	26,1	26,1	80,0	80,0
2	180X100X10,0	2492	214,4	214,4	151,6	151,6	275,3	181,6	62,5	39,2	100,0	180,0
3	O 356x12	0	1076,0	1076,0	1076,0	1076,0	1416,9	1416,9	121,5	121,5	355,6	355,6
4	150x100x6	509	111,3	111,3	88,8	88,8	136,7	103,3	55,0	40,1	100,0	150,0
5	O 60x5	0	11,0	11,0	11,0	11,0	15,2	15,2	19,5	19,5	60,0	60,0

	Name	y_G [mm]	z_G [mm]	y_s [mm]	z_s [mm]	$S.p.$
1	O 80x6	40,0	40,0	0	0	5
2	180X100X10,0	50,0	90,0	0	0	9
3	O 356x12	177,8	177,8	0	0	5
4	150x100x6	50,0	75,0	0	0	9
5	O 60x5	30,0	30,0	0	0	5

Weights per material

	Material name	ρ [kg/m ³]	ΣV [m ³]	ΣG [kg]
1	S 235	7850	0,699	5490,381
	Total		0,699	5490,381

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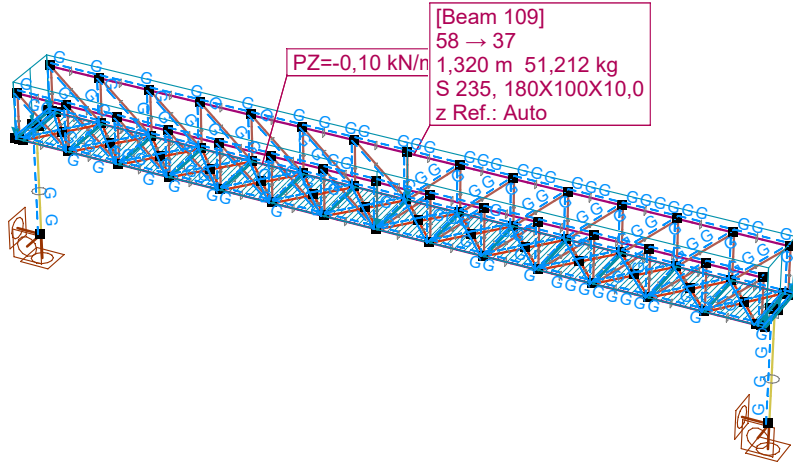
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Loads

Code Eurocode
Case : DL

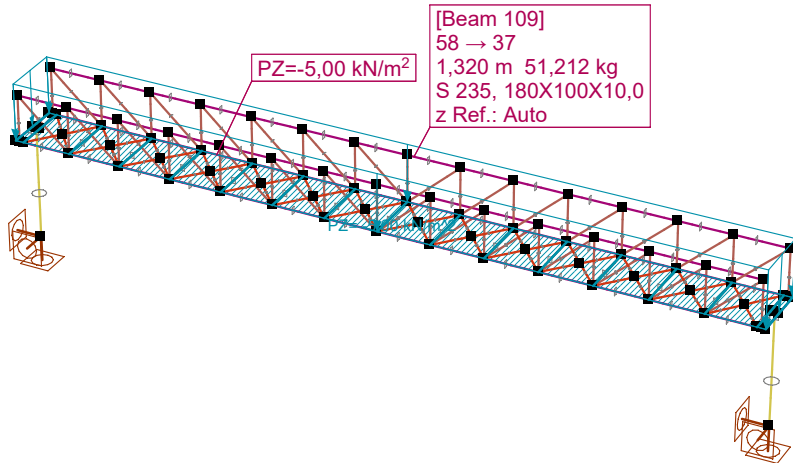
Shape	
■	180X100X10,0
■	O 80x6
■	O 60x5
■	150x100x6
■	O 356x12



Dead load

Code Eurocode
Case : LL

Shape	
■	180X100X10,0
■	O 80x6
■	O 60x5
■	150x100x6
■	O 356x12



Live load

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**Load combinations**

Calculated critical combinations by load cases

	<i>Critical combination</i>	<i>Type</i>		<i>Critical combination</i>	<i>Type</i>
1	[DL]	ULS (a, b)	12	[DL]	SLS Quasipermanent
2	[DL] {1,05*LL}	ULS (a, b)	13	[DL] (0,3*LL)	SLS Quasipermanent
3	[1,35*DL]	ULS (a, b)	14	[DL]	A1(a,b)
4	[1,35*DL] {1,05*LL}	ULS (a, b)	15	[DL] {1,05*LL}	A1(a,b)
5	[DL] {1,5*LL}	ULS (a, b)	16	[1,35*DL]	A1(a,b)
6	[1,15*DL]	ULS (a, b)	17	[1,35*DL] {1,05*LL}	A1(a,b)
7	[1,15*DL] {1,5*LL}	ULS (a, b)	18	[DL] {1,5*LL}	A1(a,b)
8	[DL]	SLS Characteristic	19	[1,15*DL]	A1(a,b)
9	[DL] {LL}	SLS Characteristic	20	[1,15*DL] {1,5*LL}	A1(a,b)
10	[DL]	SLS Frequent	21	[DL]	A2(a,b)
11	[DL] {0,5*LL}	SLS Frequent	22	[DL] {1,3*LL}	A2(a,b)

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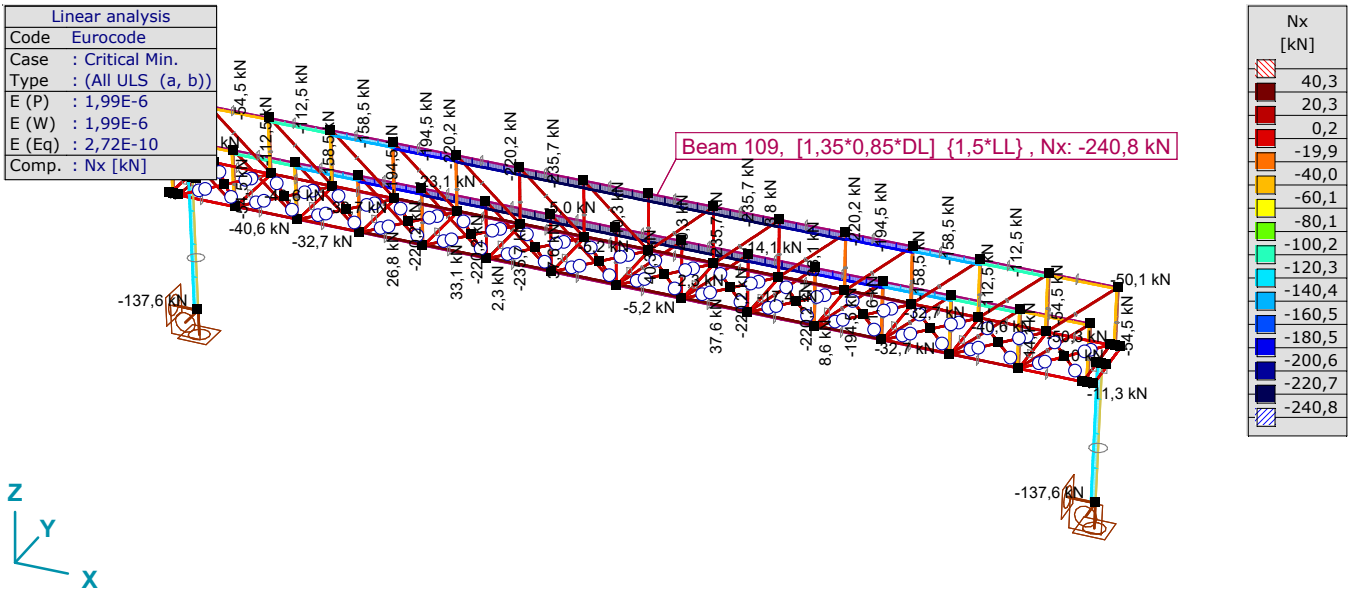
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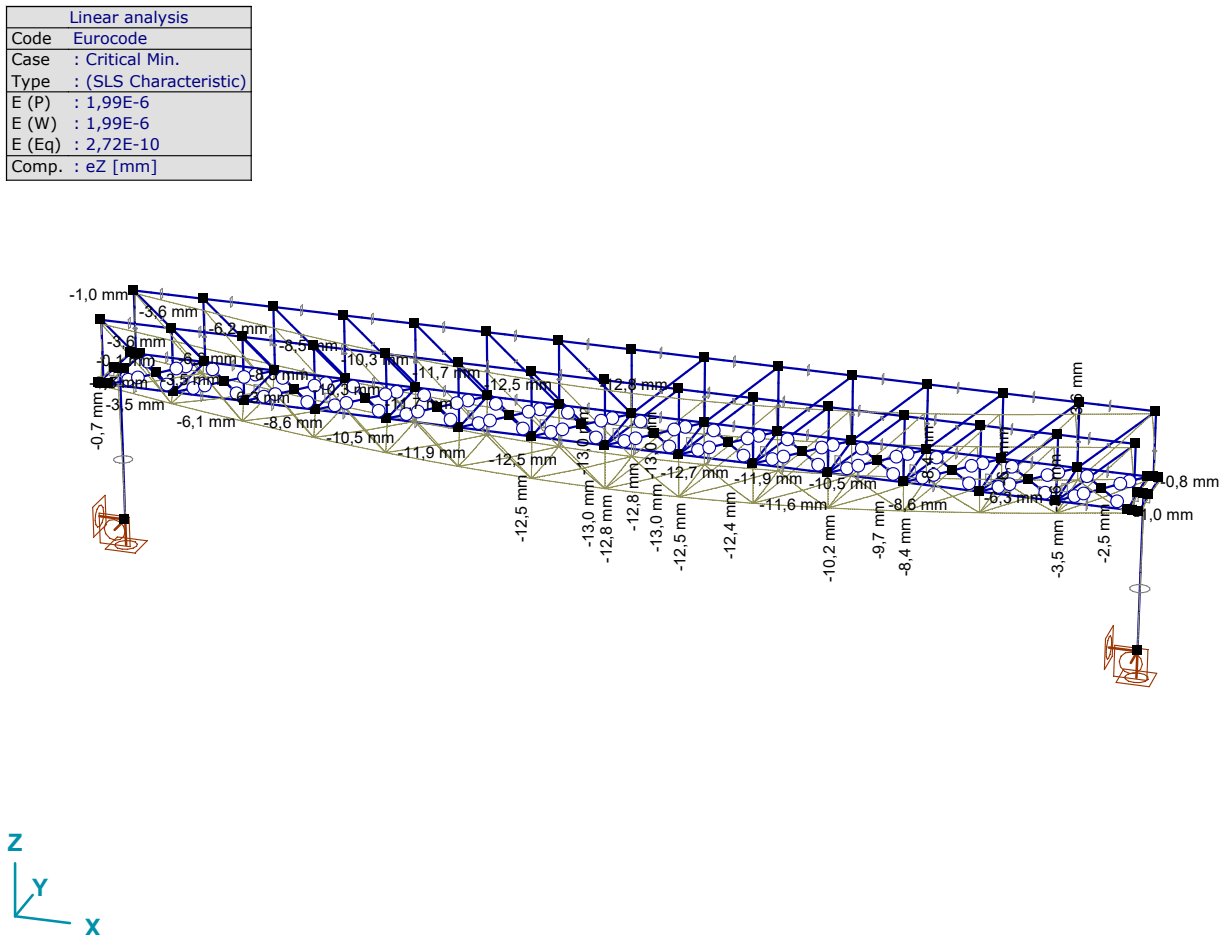


General results

Only normal force and deflection is listed here, the report focuses on buckling results.



[I], Linear,(Auto) Critical Min., Nx [kN], Filled diagram



[I], Linear,(Auto) Critical Min., eZ [mm], Diagram

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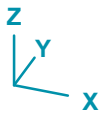
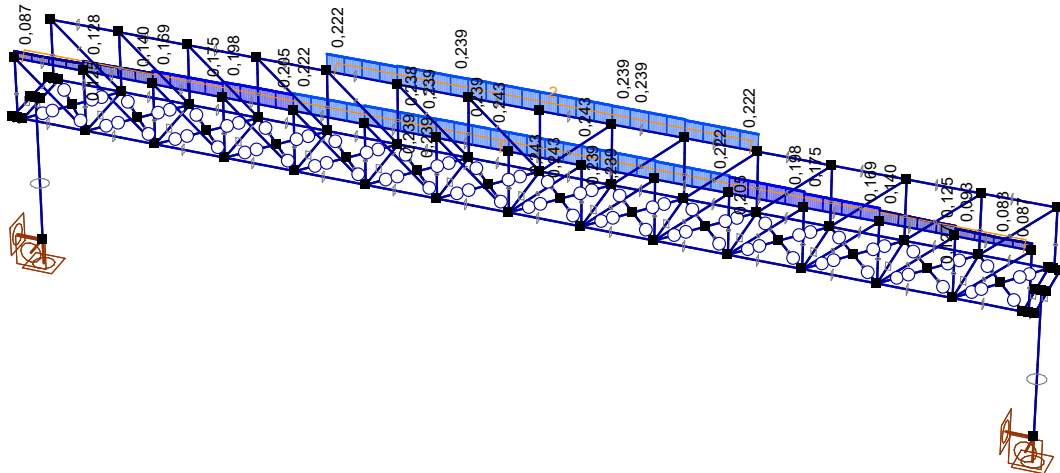


Design of compressed steel chord

Design is carried out using AxisVM's built-in steel design module, it does not use or require the separate buckling analysis. See reference of automated calculation of buckling coefficients in the software manual.

Linear analysis	
Code	Eurocode
Case	: Critical Min,Max.
Type	: (All ULS (a, b))
E (P)	: 1,99E-6
E (W)	: 1,99E-6
E (Eq)	: 2,72E-10
Comp.	: Utilization ULS []

Utilization ULS	
	1,000
	0,929
	0,857
	0,786
	0,714
	0,643
	0,571
	0,500
	0,429
	0,357
	0,286
	0,214
	0,143
	0,071
	0



[Stl], Linear,(Auto) Critical, Utilization ULS [], Filled diagram

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<p>N-M-V (EN 1993-1-1 6.2.1, 6.2.8, 6.2.9)</p>	<p>N-M-Buckl (EN 1993-1-1 6.3.3)</p>																							
<p>Vy (EN 1993-1-1 6.2.6)</p>	<p>Vz (EN 1993-1-1 6.2.6, EN 1993-1-5: 5.1-5.3)</p>	<p>Vw-M-N (EN 1993-1-1 6.2.9, EN 1993-1-5: 7.1)</p>	<p>Material S 235 Cross-section 180X100X10,0 Ax [cm²] 49,42 Ix [cm⁴] 1868,5 Iy [cm⁴] 1929,5 Iz [cm⁴] 757,9 Iw [cm⁶] 2492 Wy,pl [cm³] 275,3 Wz,pl [cm³] 181,6 Section class 1</p>																					
<p>Utilization</p>		<p>Linear - Critical Min,Max. f_{se} = 1,000</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>x[m]</td><td>=</td><td>3,960</td></tr> <tr><td>N-M-V</td><td>=</td><td>0,207</td></tr> <tr><td>N-M-Buckl</td><td>=</td><td>0,243</td></tr> <tr><td>N-M-LTBuckl</td><td>=</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>Vy</td><td>=</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>Vz</td><td>=</td><td>0,001</td></tr> <tr><td>Vw-M-N</td><td>=</td><td>0,028</td></tr> </table>		x[m]	=	3,960	N-M-V	=	0,207	N-M-Buckl	=	0,243	N-M-LTBuckl	=	-	Vy	=	0	Vz	=	0,001	Vw-M-N	=	0,028
x[m]	=	3,960																						
N-M-V	=	0,207																						
N-M-Buckl	=	0,243																						
N-M-LTBuckl	=	-																						
Vy	=	0																						
Vz	=	0,001																						
Vw-M-N	=	0,028																						
<p>Steel design member 2 x [m] = 3,960 m Total length: 7,920 m</p>		<p>Buckling coefficients</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>K_y (auto)</td><td>0,223</td></tr> <tr><td>K_z (auto)</td><td>0,248</td></tr> <tr><td>Z_a</td><td>0,500</td></tr> <tr><td>a [m]</td><td>-</td></tr> </table> <p>Partial results</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>C₁</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>C₂</td><td>-</td></tr> </table>		K _y (auto)	0,223	K _z (auto)	0,248	Z _a	0,500	a [m]	-	C ₁	-	C ₂	-									
K _y (auto)	0,223																							
K _z (auto)	0,248																							
Z _a	0,500																							
a [m]	-																							
C ₁	-																							
C ₂	-																							

[St], Linear,(Auto) Critical, Utilization, Steel design member 2, [Pos.: 3,960m;]

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STEEL MEMBER DESIGN

Design member 2

Nodes: 35-40

Code: Eurocode

EN 1993-1-1:2005 + AC:2009, EN 1993-1-5:2006

Material: S 235

Cross-section: 180X100X10,0

Load case: Linear,(Auto) Critical

Coefficient for seismic forces: 1,0

1. Axial force-Bending-Shear

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.1, 6.2.8, 6.2.9

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 0,33 \cdot L = 0,33 \cdot 7920,00 = 2640,00$ mm

$$N_{Ed_1} = -240791,50 \text{ N} \quad V_{y,Ed_1} = 0,61 \text{ N} \quad V_{z,Ed_1} = -407,79 \text{ N} \quad M_{y,Ed_1} = -1671151,40 \text{ Nmm} = -1,67 \text{ kNm} \quad M_{z,Ed_1} = 12069,61 \text{ Nmm} = 0,01 \text{ kNm} \quad M_{x,Ed_1} = 8980,90 \text{ Nmm} = 0,01 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\eta_{NMV_{pl}} = \max(\eta_N; \eta_{M_{y,pl}}; \eta_{M_{z,pl}}; \eta_{V_z}; \eta_{V_y}) = \max(20,7; 2,6; 0; 0,1; 0) = 20,7\% \quad \text{passed}$$

2. Axial Force-Bending-Flexural Buckling

EN 1993-1-1: 6.3.3, Annex B: Method 2

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 0,45 \cdot L = 0,45 \cdot 7920,00 = 3564,00$ mm

$$C_{my} = 0,9$$

$$C_{mz} = \max(0,2 + 0,8 \cdot \alpha_{mz}, 0,4) = \max(0,2 + 0,8 \cdot 0,741, 0,4) = 0,793 \geq 0,4 \quad \text{Table B.3}$$

$$f_{yy} = \min(\lambda_y^* - 0,2; 0,8) = \min(0,30 - 0,2; 0,8) = 0,101$$

$$f_{zz} = \max(\min(\lambda_z^* - 0,2; 0,8); 0) = \max(\min(0,53 - 0,2; 0,8); 0) = 0,334$$

$$k_{yy} = C_{my} \cdot \left(1 + f_{yy} \cdot \frac{|N_{Ed_9}|}{\chi_y \cdot N_{pl,Rd}} \right) = 0,9 \cdot \left(1 + 0,101 \cdot \frac{|(-240791,50)|}{0,98 \cdot 1161439,27} \right) = 0,919$$

$$k_{zy} = 0,6 \cdot k_{yy} = 0,6 \cdot 0,919 = 0,552 \quad \text{Table Annex B.1}$$

$$k_{yz} = 0,6 \cdot k_{zz} = 0,6 \cdot 0,853 = 0,512$$

$$k_{zz} = C_{mz} \cdot \left(1 + f_{zz} \cdot \frac{|N_{Ed_9}|}{\chi_z \cdot N_{pl,Rd}} \right) = 0,793 \cdot \left(1 + 0,334 \cdot \frac{|(-240791,50)|}{0,91 \cdot 1161439,27} \right) = 0,853 \quad \text{Table Annex B.1}$$

$$\chi_y = \min \left(\frac{1}{\phi_y + \sqrt{\phi_y^2 - \lambda_y^{*2}}}; 1 \right) = 0,98 \quad (6.49)$$

$$\chi_z = \min \left(\frac{1}{\phi_z + \sqrt{\phi_z^2 - \lambda_z^{*2}}}; 1 \right) = 0,91 \quad (6.49)$$

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$$\eta_{NMBuckl_1} = \frac{|N_{Ed_9}|}{\chi_y \cdot N_{pl,Rd}} + k_{yy} \cdot \frac{|M_{y,Ed_9}|}{M_{pl,Rd,y}} + k_{yz} \cdot \frac{|M_{z,Ed_9}|}{M_{pl,Rd,z}} =$$

$$= \frac{|(-240791,50)|}{0,98 \cdot 1161439,27} + 0,919 \cdot \frac{|(-1861511,23)|}{64693441,50} + 0,512 \cdot \frac{|11507,24|}{42675873,60} = 23,9 \% \quad (6.61)$$

$$\eta_{NMBuckl_2} = \frac{|N_{Ed_9}|}{\chi_z \cdot N_{pl,Rd}} + k_{zy} \cdot \frac{|M_{y,Ed_9}|}{M_{pl,Rd,y}} + k_{zz} \cdot \frac{|M_{z,Ed_9}|}{M_{pl,Rd,z}} =$$

$$= \frac{|(-240791,50)|}{0,91 \cdot 1161439,27} + 0,552 \cdot \frac{|(-1861511,23)|}{64693441,50} + 0,853 \cdot \frac{|11507,24|}{42675873,60} = 24,3 \% \quad (6.62)$$

$$\eta_{NMBuckl} = 24,3 \% \quad \text{passed}$$

4. Cross-section resistance to shear (y):

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.6

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 0,83 \cdot L = 0,83 \cdot 7920,00 = 6600,00$ mm

$$A_{Vy} = \frac{A \cdot b}{b + h} = 1765,11 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V_{pl,Rd,y} = \frac{A_{Vy} \cdot f_y}{\sqrt{3} \cdot \gamma_{M0}} = \frac{1765,11 \cdot 235,00}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 1} = 239484,74 \text{ N} \quad (6.18)$$

$$M_{x,Ed_1} = -77544,14 \text{ Nmm}$$

$$V_{pl,T,Rd,y} = \left(1 - \frac{\tau_{T,xy,Ed}}{f_y} \right) \cdot V_{pl,Rd,y} = \left(1 - \frac{0,29}{235,00} \right) \cdot 239484,74 = 238964,19 \text{ N} \quad (6.28)$$

$$\eta_V = \frac{|V_{y,Ed_1}|}{V_{pl,T,Rd,y}} = \frac{|(-13,27)|}{238964,19} = 0 \% \quad (6.17) \quad \text{passed}$$

5. Shear web buckling resistance:

EN 1993-1-5: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.5, Annex A: A.3

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 1,00 \cdot L = 1,00 \cdot 7920,00 = 7920,00$ mm

$$a_{max} = 7,92$$

$$\eta_w = 1,2 \quad 5.2 (2) \text{ NOTE 2}$$

$$h_w = h - 2 \cdot t_f = 180,00 - 2 \cdot 10,00 = 160,00 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{No stiffener} \rightarrow k_\tau = 5,34 \quad (A.5)$$

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq \frac{31 \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \sqrt{k_\tau}}{\eta_w} \rightarrow V_{b,Rd} = V_{pl,Rd,z} = 431072,53 = 431072,53 \text{ N} \quad (5.1 (2))$$

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$$\eta_{V_w} = \frac{|V_{z,Ed_{11}}|}{V_{b,Rd}} = \frac{|718,03|}{431072,53} = 0,2 \% \quad (5.10) \quad \text{passed}$$

6. Web shear-Bending-Axial force

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.9; EN 1993-1-5: 7.1

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 0,17 \cdot L = 0,17 \cdot 7920,00 = 1320,00$ mm

$$M_{f,Rd} = (b + 2 \cdot b_2) \cdot t_f \cdot f_y \cdot (h - t_f) = (100,00 + 2 \cdot 0) \cdot 10,00 \cdot 235,00 \cdot (180,00 - 10,00) = 39950001,70 \text{ Nmm} = 39,95 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\rho_{Nf} = \frac{(1 - n)}{(1 - 0,5 \cdot a_w)} = \frac{(1 - 19,0)}{(1 - 0,5 \cdot 0,5)} = 0,9641$$

$$|M_{y,Ed_{11}}| \leq M_{f,Rd} \cdot \rho_{Nf} \rightarrow \eta_{V_w MN} = \frac{|M_{y,Ed_{11}}|}{M_{pl,Rd,y}} = \frac{|(-1879877,57)|}{64693441,50} = 2,9 \% \quad (7.1) \quad \text{passed}$$

7. SLS (Serviceability Limit State)

EN 1993-1-1: 7., EN 1990: 3.4, A1.4.

Critical combination: [DL] {LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 0,50 \cdot L = 0,50 \cdot 7920,00 = 3960,00$ mm

$$e_z = \left| e_{z,i} - e_{i,z} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{x}{L}\right) - e_{j,z} \cdot \frac{x}{L} + u_z \right| = \left| (-12,78) - (-10,31) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{3960,00}{7920,00}\right) - (-10,31) \cdot \frac{3960,00}{7920,00} + 0 \right| = 2,47 \text{ mm}$$

$$e_{z,Limit} = \frac{L}{300,0} = \frac{7920,00}{300,0} = 26,40 \text{ mm}$$

$$\eta_{e_z} = \frac{e_z}{e_{z,Limit}} = \frac{2,47}{26,40} = 9,4 \%$$

$$\eta_{SLS} = \max(\eta_{e_z}) = \max(9,4) = 9,4 \% \quad \text{passed}$$

Partial results

8. Cross-section resistance to axial force:

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.4

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

Critical section: $x = 0,38 \cdot L = 0,38 \cdot 7920,00 = 2970,00$ mm

$$N_{pl,Rd} = \frac{A \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M0}} = \frac{4942,29 \cdot 235,00}{1} = 1161439,27 \text{ N} \quad (6.10)$$

$$\eta_N = \frac{|N_{Ed_{11}}|}{N_{pl,Rd}} = \frac{|(-240791,50)|}{1161439,27} = 20,7 \% \quad (6.9) \quad \text{passed}$$

9. Cross-section resistance to bending (yy):

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.5

Critical combination: [1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}

Section class: 1 (Plastic design)

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Critical section: $x = 0,17 \cdot L = 0,17 \cdot 7920,00 = 1320,00$ mm

$$M_{pl,Rd,y} = \frac{W_{pl,y} \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M0}} = \frac{275291,24 \cdot 235,00}{1} = 64693441,50 \text{ Nmm} = 64,69 \text{ kNm} \quad (6.13)$$

$$\eta_{M_{y,pl}} = \frac{|M_{y,Ed_{11}}|}{M_{pl,Rd,y}} = \frac{|(-1879877,57)|}{64693441,50} = 2,9 \% \quad (6.12) \quad \text{passed}$$

10. Cross-section resistance to bending (zz):

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.5

Critical combination: **[1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}**Section class: **1** (Plastic design)Critical section: $x = 1,00 \cdot L = 1,00 \cdot 7920,00 = 7920,00$ mm

$$M_{pl,Rd,z} = \frac{W_{pl,z} \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M0}} = \frac{181599,46 \cdot 235,00}{1} = 42675873,60 \text{ Nmm} = 42,68 \text{ kNm} \quad (6.13)$$

$$\eta_{M_{z,pl}} = \frac{|M_{z,Ed_{11}}|}{M_{pl,Rd,z}} = \frac{|50337,05|}{42675873,60} = 0,1 \% \quad (6.12) \quad \text{passed}$$

11. Cross-section resistance to shear (z):

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.6

Critical combination: **[1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}**Section class: **1** (Plastic design)Critical section: $x = 0,00 \cdot L = 0,00 \cdot 7920,00 = 0$ mm

$$A_{V,z} = \frac{A \cdot h}{b + h} = 3177,19 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V_{pl,Rd,z} = \frac{A_{V,z} \cdot f_y}{\sqrt{3} \cdot \gamma_{M0}} = \frac{3177,19 \cdot 235,00}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 1} = 431072,53 \text{ N} \quad (6.18)$$

$$M_{x,Ed_1} = 78995,51 \text{ Nmm}$$

$$V_{pl,T,Rd,z} = \left(1 - \frac{\tau_{T,xz,Ed}}{f_y} \right) \cdot V_{pl,Rd,z} = \left(1 - \frac{0,30}{\frac{235,00}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 1}} \right) \cdot 431072,53 = 430117,99 \text{ N} \quad (6.28)$$

$$\eta_{V_z} = \frac{|V_{y,Ed_1}|}{V_{pl,T,Rd,z}} = \frac{|13,07|}{430117,99} = 0,2 \% \quad (6.17) \quad \text{passed}$$

12. Bending-shear interaction check

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.1, 6.2.8, 6.2.9

Critical combination for N-M-V strength interaction: **[1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}**Section class: **1** (Plastic design)Critical section: $x = 0,33 \cdot L = 0,33 \cdot 7920,00 = 2640,00$ mm

$$V_{z,Ed_1} = -407,79 \text{ N} \leq V_{pl,Rd,z}/2 = 215536,26 \text{ N} \rightarrow \text{The effect of shear force on moment resistance is negligible.} \quad 6.2.8 (2)$$

$$V_{y,Ed_1} = 0,61 \text{ N} \leq V_{pl,Rd,y}/2 = 119742,37 \text{ N} \rightarrow \text{The effect of shear force on moment resistance is negligible.} \quad 6.2.8 (2)$$

13. Bending-axial force interaction check

EN 1993-1-1: 6.2.1, 6.2.8, 6.2.9

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Critical combination for N-M-V strength interaction: **[1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}**Section class: **1** (Plastic design)Critical section: $x = 0,33 \cdot L = 0,33 \cdot 7920,00 = 2640,00$ mm

$$n = \frac{|N_{Ed1}|}{N_{pl,Rd}} = \frac{240791,50}{1161439,27} = 20,7 \% \leq 25\%$$

$$|N_{Ed1}| = 240791,50 \text{ N} \geq N_{Rd,w}/2 = \frac{h_w \cdot t_w \cdot f_y}{2 \cdot \gamma_{M0}} = \frac{160,00 \cdot 10,00 \cdot 235,00}{2 \cdot 1} = 188000,00 \text{ N}$$

$$a_f = \min \left(\frac{A - 2 \cdot h \cdot t_w}{A}; 0,5 \right) = \min \left(\frac{4942,29 - 2 \cdot 180,00 \cdot 10,00}{4942,29}; 0,5 \right) = 0,27$$

$$a_w = \min \left(\frac{A - 2 \cdot b \cdot t_f}{A}; 0,5 \right) = \min \left(\frac{4942,29 - 2 \cdot 100,00 \cdot 10,00}{4942,29}; 0,5 \right) = 0,5$$

$$\rho_{N_y} = \max \left(\frac{1 - n/100}{1 - 0,5 \cdot a_w}; 0,01 \right) = \max \left(\frac{1 - 20,7/100}{1 - 0,5 \cdot 0,5}; 0,01 \right) = 1,057$$

$$\rho_{N_z} = \max \left(\frac{1 - n/100}{1 - 0,5 \cdot a_w}; 0,01 \right) = \max \left(\frac{1 - 20,7/100}{1 - 0,5 \cdot 0,5}; 0,01 \right) = 1,057$$

$$M_{N_y,Rd} = \min (M_{y,V,Rd} \cdot \rho_{N_y}; M_{y,V,Rd}) = \min (64693441,50 \cdot 1,057; 64693441,50) = 64693441,50 \text{ Nmm} = 64,69 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{N_z,Rd} = \min (M_{z,V,Rd} \cdot \rho_{N_z}; M_{z,V,Rd}) = \min (42675873,60 \cdot 1,057; 42675873,60) = 42675873,60 \text{ Nmm} = 42,68 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\eta_{MN,1} = \frac{M_{y,Ed1}}{M_{N_y,Rd}} = \frac{(-1671151,40)}{64693441,50} = 2,6 \%$$

$$\eta_{MN,2} = \frac{M_{z,Ed1}}{M_{N_z,Rd}} = \frac{12069,61}{42675873,60} = 0 \%$$

$$\alpha_{MN} = \max \left(\min \left(\frac{1,66}{1 - 1,13 \cdot (n/100)^2}; 6 \right); 1 \right) = \max \left(\min \left(\frac{1,66}{1 - 1,13 \cdot (20,7/100)^2}; 6 \right); 1 \right) = 1,7$$

$$\beta_{MN} = \alpha_{MN} = 1,7 = 1,7$$

$$\eta_{MN,3} = \left(\frac{M_{y,Ed1}}{M_{N_y,Rd}} \right)^{\alpha_{MN}} + \left(\frac{M_{z,Ed1}}{M_{N_z,Rd}} \right)^{\beta_{MN}} = \left(\frac{(-1671151,40)}{64693441,50} \right)^{1,7} + \left(\frac{12069,61}{42675873,60} \right)^{1,7} = 0,2 \% \quad (6.41)$$

$$\eta_{MN} = \max (\eta_{MN,1}; \eta_{MN,2}; \eta_{MN,3}; \eta_N) = \max (2,6; 0; 0,2; 20,7) = 20,7 \% \quad \text{passed}$$

14. Buckling resistance:

EN 1993-1-1: 6.3.1

Critical combination for N-M-Buckling interaction: **[1,35*0,85*DL] {1,5*LL}**Section class: **1** (Plastic design)Critical section: $x = 0,45 \cdot L = 0,45 \cdot 7920,00 = 3564,00$ mm

$$\alpha_{cr,Buck,y} = 53,39$$

$$N_{cr,y} = 12855726,00 \text{ N}$$

$$K_y = 0,22 \text{ Value calculated automatically.}$$

$$\alpha_{cr,Buck,z} = 16,9$$

$$N_{cr,z} = 4068392,10 \text{ N}$$

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 $K_z = 0,25$ Value calculated automatically.

$$L_{cr_y} = K_y \cdot L = 0,22 \cdot 7920,00 = 1763,72 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{cr_z} = K_z \cdot L = 0,25 \cdot 7920,00 = 1964,96 \text{ mm}$$

Buckling curve about the y axis: a Table 6.2

$$\rightarrow \alpha_y = 0,21 \text{ Table 6.1}$$

Buckling curve about the z axis: a Table 6.2

$$\rightarrow \alpha_z = 0,21 \text{ Table 6.1}$$

$$\lambda_y^* = \sqrt{\frac{A \cdot f_y}{N_{cr,y}}} = \sqrt{\frac{4942,29 \cdot 235,00}{12855726,00}} = 0,30 \quad (6.50)$$

$$\lambda_z^* = \sqrt{\frac{A \cdot f_y}{N_{cr,z}}} = \sqrt{\frac{4942,29 \cdot 235,00}{4068392,10}} = 0,53 \quad (6.50)$$

$$\phi_y = \frac{1 + \alpha_y \cdot (\lambda_y^* - 0,2) + \lambda_y^{*2}}{2} = \frac{1 + 0,21 \cdot (0,30 - 0,2) + 0,30^2}{2} = 0,5557$$

$$\phi_z = \frac{1 + \alpha_z \cdot (\lambda_z^* - 0,2) + \lambda_z^{*2}}{2} = \frac{1 + 0,21 \cdot (0,53 - 0,2) + 0,53^2}{2} = 0,6778$$

$$\chi_y = \min \left(\frac{1}{\phi_y + \sqrt{\phi_y^2 - \lambda_y^{*2}}}; 1 \right) = \min \left(\frac{1}{0,5557 + \sqrt{0,5557^2 - 0,30^2}}; 1 \right) = 0,98 \quad (6.49)$$

$$\chi_z = \min \left(\frac{1}{\phi_z + \sqrt{\phi_z^2 - \lambda_z^{*2}}}; 1 \right) = \min \left(\frac{1}{0,6778 + \sqrt{0,6778^2 - 0,53^2}}; 1 \right) = 0,91 \quad (6.49)$$

$$\chi = \min(\chi_y; \chi_z) = \min(0,98; 0,91) = 0,91 \leq 1,0$$

$$N_{b,Rd} = \frac{\chi \cdot A \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M1}} = \frac{0,91 \cdot 4942,29 \cdot 235,00}{1} = 1060712,01 \text{ N} \quad (6.47)$$

$$\eta_{N_b} = \frac{|N_{Ed,9}|}{N_{b,Rd}} = \frac{|(-240791,50)|}{1060712,01} = 22,7 \% \quad (6.46) \quad \text{passed}$$

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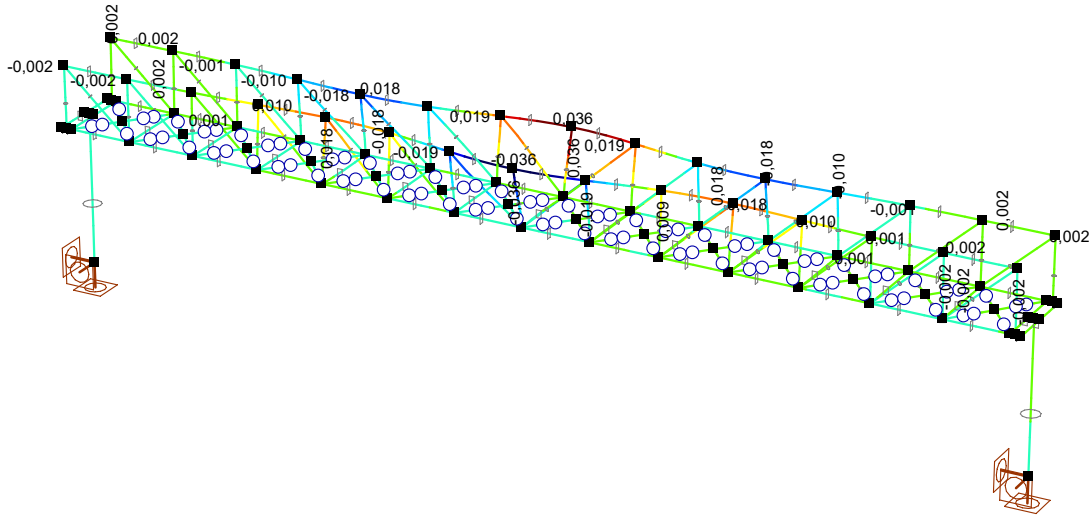
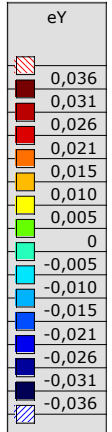
Model: pedestrianbridge.axs

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Buckling analysis	
Code	Eurocode
Case	: Co #8
Mode	: 10
α_{cr}	: 12,089
Error	: 3,04E-11
Iterations	: 30



[Stab], Co #8 (ULS (a, b)) Mode 10 (12,089), eY, Isosurfaces 2D

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Sample documentation

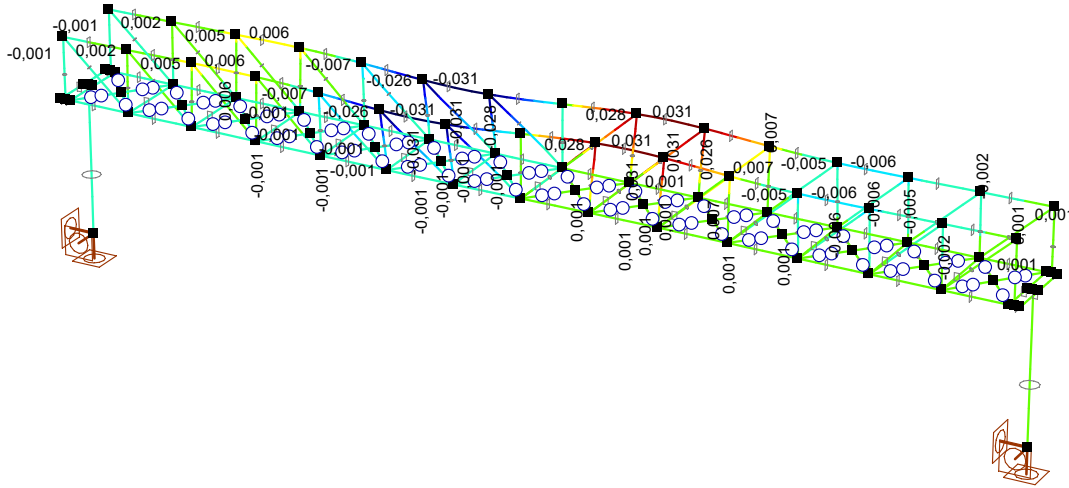
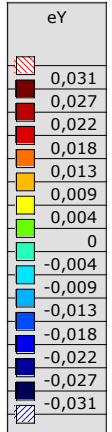
Model: pedestrianbridge.axs

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Buckling analysis	
Code	Eurocode
Case	: Co #8
Mode	: 11
α_{cr}	: 12,168
Error	: 2,97E-10
Iterations	: 30



[Stab], Co #8 (ULS (a, b)) Mode 11 (12,168), eY, Isosurfaces 2D

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Sample documentation

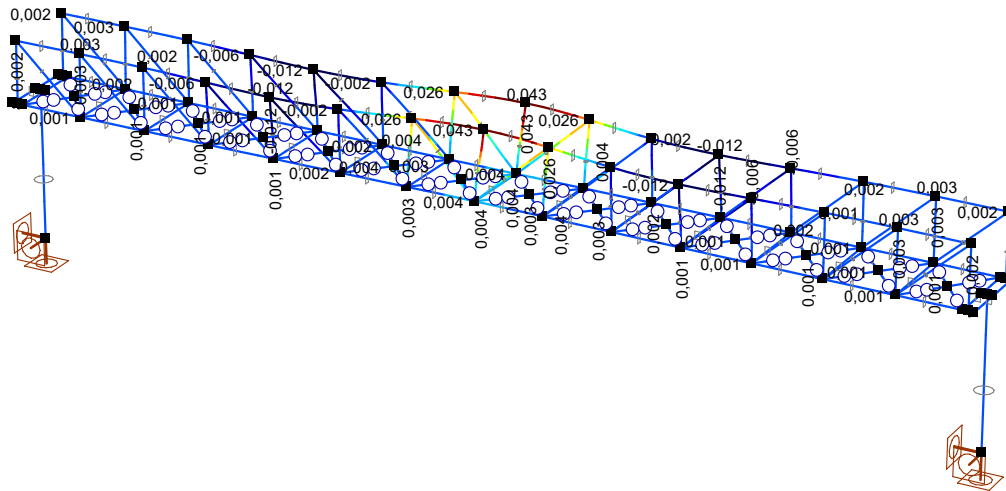
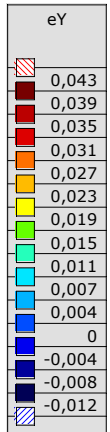
Model: pedestrianbridge.axs

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Buckling analysis	
Code	Eurocode
Case	: Co #8
Mode	: 12
α_{cr}	: 12,277
Error	: 4,43E-10
Iterations	: 30



[Stab], Co #8 (ULS (a, b)) Mode 12 (12,277), eY, Isosurfaces 2D

Buckling analysis according to EN1993-1-1 is carried out based on buckling eigenvalues and corresponding non-dimensional slenderness. This independant analysis shows similar utilization of the compressed chord, difference between results is within acceptable tolerance.

Buckling capacity based on critical load multiplier

According to EN 1993-1-1 Cl. 6.3.1.

$$N_{Ed} := 241 \text{ kN} \quad A := 50.97 \text{ cm}^2 \quad F_y := 235 \text{ MPa}$$

Critical load multiplier:

$$\alpha_{cr} := 12$$

Critical load:

$$N_{cr} := N_{Ed} \cdot \alpha_{cr} = 2892 \text{ kN}$$

Imperfection factor of buckling curve:

$$\alpha_a := 0.21$$

Non-dimensional slenderness:

$$\lambda_{yI} := \sqrt{\frac{A \cdot F_y}{N_{cr}}}$$

Reduction factor:

$$\phi_z := \frac{1 + \alpha_a \cdot (\lambda_{yI} - 0.2) + \lambda_{yI}^2}{2} = 0.754$$

$$\chi_z := \frac{1}{\phi_z + \sqrt{\phi_z^2 - \lambda_{yI}^2}} = 0.873$$

Buckling resistance of compressed member:

$$N_{b,Rd} := \chi_z \cdot A \cdot F_y = 1045.3 \text{ kN}$$

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{b,Rd}} = 23.1\%$$